### CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



# Ground Kee

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 750 g/kg SULFOMETURON METHYL

GROUP 2



HERBICIDE

For the control of certain annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds in commercial and industrial areas; around agricultural buildings and rights of way and Forestry as per Directions for Use.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT

WEEDFORCE Pty Ltd ACN 602 207 152 2072 Logan Rd Mt Gravatt QLD 4122 P: 0488 997 923 www.weedforce.com.au © Trademark of Weed Force Pty Ltd © Weed Force Pty Ltd 2016

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

#### RESTRAINTS

**DO NOT** apply Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide to drainage ditches and channels.

**DO NOT** apply Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide during periods of intense rainfall, or to soils saturated with water, as off-target movement may occur.

**DO NOT** store tank mixes of Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide with other materials for more than

24 hours as product breakdown may occur.

**DO NOT** store a suspension of Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide for more than 2 days as it may degrade, particularly in acid solutions.

#### FOR ALL STATES

SITUATION	WEEDS	RATE GROUND BASE ONLY
		Boom g/ha
Commercial & Industrial Areas, around Agricultural buildings, Rights-of-Way including road sides, around guide-posts, rail-ways, power lines and telephone lines.	Easy-to-kill Annual Weeds  Grasses - Annual Ryegrass, Barnyard grass, Summer grass/Crab grass, Wild Oats, and Winter grass. Broadleafs - Blue Billygoat Weed, Capeweed, Conscrew/Frodium, Paterson's Curse/Salvation Jane, Subterranean Clover and Turnip Weed  Easy-to-Kill Perennial Weeds  Grasses - Prairie grass Broadleafs - Dandelion, Dock, White Clover	200 or 400

RATE GROUND BASED ONLY		CRITICAL COMMENTS
Handgun g/100 L	Knapsack g/15 L	
20 or 40	3 or 6	For roadside applications confine treatment to the area between the edge of the bitumen and the roadside shoulder. For weeds advanced beyond the 4-leaf stage or when more rapid knockdown is required, tank mix with Glyphosate Herbicide in accordance with its label recommendations. Always add a surfactant - except when tank mixing with Glyphosate Herbicide.  Use the higher rate for longer term residual control.  Use the higher rate plus Glyphosate Herbicide (in accordance with its label recommendations), for dense weed infestations and where weeds are greater than 15 cm in height or diameter.  For handgun or knapsack application, apply the spray evenly to the required area. Spray to wet the foliage of the weeds present, but not excessively so as to cause run-off. Over application may reduce knockdown results and significantly increase period of residual control.

-2-

SITUATION	WEEDS	RATE GROUND BASE ONLY
		Boom g/ha
Commercial & Industrial Areas, around Agricultural buildings, Rights-of-Way including road sides, around	Hard-to-kill Annual Weeds  Grasses - Rat's Tail Fescue, Squirrel Tail Fescue.  Broadleaf - Black Thistle/Spear Thistle	200 or 400
guide-posts, rail-ways, power lines and telephone lines.	Hard-to-Kill Perennial Weeds  Grasses - African Lovegrass, Columbus grass, Couch, Elastic grass, Guinea grass, Johnson grass, Kikuyu, Paspalum and Phalaris.	400 or 800

RATE GROUND BASED ONLY		CRITICAL COMMENTS
Handgun g/100 L	Knapsack g/15 L	
20 or 40	3 or 6	For roadside applications confine treatment to the area between the edge of the bitumen and the roadside shoulder. Always tank mix with Glyphosate Herbicide in accordance with its label directions - a surfactant is not required. Use the higher rate plus Glyphosate Herbicide (in accordance with its label recommendations), for
40 or 80	6 or 12	dense weed infestations and where weeds are greater than 15 cm in height or diameter. Use the higher rate for longer term residual control.  For handgun or knapsack application apply the spray evenly to the required area. Spray to weet the foliage of the weeds present, but not excessively so as to cause run-off. Over application may reduce knockdown results and significantly increase period of residual control.  For control of a broader spectrum of weeds add Weed Force Longreach Herbicide as per label directions.

#### FORESTRY – VIC, SA, TAS, WA, ACT & SOUTHERN NSW ONLY

CROP AND SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	RATE/ha
FORESTRY	ANNUAL WEEDS	50 to 70 g
	Barley Grass (Hordeum leporinum)	
PRE-PLANT	Bent Grass (Agrostis spp.)	
	Brome Grass (Bromus spp)	
Eucalyptus globulus, E.	Capeweed (Arctotheca calendula)	
nitens plantations	Clover (Trifolium spp)	
- including farm tree	Cudweed (Grapholum luteo-album)	
plantations of these species	Datura (Thornapples) (Datura spp)	
	Erodium (Storksbills) (Erodium spp)	
Apply via ground/aerial	Fireweed (Senecio linearfolius)	
equipment	Fleabane (Conyza canadensis)	
	Geranium	
	Gooseberry (Physalis spp)	
	Hare's-Tail Grass (Lagunus ovatus)	
	Lupins (Lupinus spp)	
	Onion Grass (Romulea longifolia)	
	Rye Grass (Lolium spp)	
	Silver Grass (Vulpia bromoides)	
	Wild Oat (Avena fatua)	
	Winter Grass (Poa annua)	

CRITICAL COMMENTS
Allow 6 weeks prior to transplanting. See: Transplanting section
DO NOT APPLY TO ALKALINE SOIL.
May be used in newly coppiced eucalypt plantations after harvest. (Some foliar damage may occur with no long term growth effects expected)
For weeds advanced beyond the 3-4 weed stage or to increase the knockdown spectrum of
weeds controlled, tank mix with glyphosate in accordance with its label recommendation
Apply with a non-ionic surfactant or organosilicone penetrant except when tank mixing with glyphosate.
Use the higher rate for dense weed infestations and for longer term residual control.
Wherever possible, areas of application should have some type of cover, i.e.,
weed biomass or residual organic matter (trash), and be mounded along the contour.
For further information, refer to General Instructions.
For control of a broader spectrum of weeds add
Weed Force Longreach Herbicide as per label directions.

-6-

CROP AND SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	RATE/ha
FORESTRY	PERENNIAL WEEDS (from seed)	50 to 70 g
	Dock (Rumex spp)	
PRE-PLANT	Flatweed (Hypochoeris radicata)	
	Fog Grass (Holcus lanatus)	
Eucalyptus globulus, E.	Mallow (Malva spp)	
nitens plantations	Pale Rush (Juncus pallidus)	
- including farm tree	Sedge (Cyperus spp)	
plantations of these species	Serradella	
	Sida (Paddy's Lucerne) (Sida spp)	
Apply via ground/aerial	Soft Roly-Poly (Salsola kali)	
equipment	Sorrel (Acetosella vulgaris)	
	SUPPRESSION ONLY	
	Couch Grass (Cynodon dactylon)	
	Spear Thistle (Cirsium vulgare)	
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## CRITICAL COMMENTS Allow 6 weeks prior to transplanting. See: Transplanting section DO NOT APPLY TO ALKALINE SOIL. May be used in newly coppiced eucalypt plantations after harvest. (Some foliar damage

May be used in newly coppiced eucalypt plantations after harvest. (Some foliar damag may occur with no long term growth effects expected)

For weeds advanced beyond the 3-4 weed stage or to increase the knockdown spectrum of weeds controlled, tank mix with glyphosate in accordance with its label recommendations. Apply with a non-ionic surfactant or organosilicone penetrant except when tank mixing with glyphosate.

Use the higher rate for dense weed infestations and for longer term residual control.

Wherever possible, areas of application should have some type of cover, i.e., weed biomass or residual organic matter (trash), and be mounded along the contour. For further information. refer to General Instructions.

For control of a broader spectrum of weeds add Weed Force Longreach Herbicide as per label directions.

-8- -9-

CROP AND SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	RATE/ha
FORESTRY	ANNUAL WEEDS	50 to 70 g
	Capeweed (Arctotheca calendula)	
POST PLANT	Clover (Trifolium spp)	
	Common Storksbill (Erodium circutarium)	
Eucalyptus globulus, E.	Datura (Thornapples) (Datura spp)	
nitens plantations	Fireweed (Senecio spp)	
- including farm tree	Geranium	
plantations of these species	Fleabane (Conyza canadensis)	
	Lesser Loosestrife (Lythrum spp)	
Apply via ground equipment	Rat's Tail Fescue (Vulpia myuros)	
	PERENNIAL WEEDS (from seed)	
	Dock (Rumex spp)	
	Flatweed (Hypochoeris radicata)	
	Fog Grass (Holcus lanatus)	
	Native Viola (Viola banksii)	
	Pale Rush (Juncus pallidus)	
	Paspalum (Paspalum spp)	
	Sorrel (Acetosella vulgaris)	
	SUPPRESSION ONLY	
	Spear Thistle (Cirsium vulgare)	

CRITICAL COMMENTS
Allow 12 months after transplanting before application.
Apply as an inter-row directed spray using a shielded sprayer.
DO NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact any part of the Eucalypt seedling
as severe injury or tree death may result.
Best results are obtained when applied to bare ground or to weeds no larger
than the 3 leaf stage.
Use the higher rate for longer term residual control.
May be used in newly coppiced eucalypt plantations after harvest.
Wherever possible, areas of application should have some type of cover, i.e.,
weed biomass or residual organic matter (trash), and be mounded along the contour.
For further information refer to the General Instructions sections.
For control of a broader spectrum of weeds add
Weed Force Longreach Herbicide as per label directions.

-10- -11-

CROP AND SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	RATE/ha
FORESTRY	ANNUAL WEEDS Bent Grass (Agrostis spp.)	50 to 70 g
PRE-PLANT	Blackberry Nightshade (Solanum nigrum) — seedlings only	
Pinus radiata plantations	Capeweed (Arctotheca calendula) Clover (Trifolium spp)	
- including farm tree	Fat Hen (Chenopodium album)	
plantations of these species	Fleabane (Conyza canadensis) Geranium	
Apply via ground/aerial equipment	Gerallulli (Senecio vulgaris) Hare's-Tail Grass (Lagunus ovatus) Rye Grass (Lallum spp) Silver Grass (Vulpia bromoides) Wild Oat (Avena fatua) Winter Grass (Poa annua)	
	PERENNIAL WEEDS (from seed) Cotton Fireweed (Senecio quadridentatus) Dock (Rumes: sppn) Flatweed (Hypochoeris radicata) Fog Grass (Holas Inantus) Pale Rush (Juncus pallidus) Primrose Sow Thistle (Sonchus oleraceus)	
	SUPPRESSION ONLY Sorrel (Acetosella vulgaris) Spear Thistle (Cirsium vulgare)	

CRITICAL COMMENTS
Allow 6 weeks prior to transplanting. See: Transplanting section DO NOT APPLY TO ALKALINE SOIL.
May be used in newly coppiced eucalypt plantations after harvest.
(Some foliar damage may occur with no long term growth effects expected)
For weeds advanced beyond the 3-4 weed stage or to increase the knockdown
spectrum of weeds controlled, tank mix with glyphosate in accordance
with its label recommendations.
Apply with a non-ionic surfactant or organosilicone penetrant
except when tank mixing with glyphosate.
Use the higher rate for dense weed infestations and for longer term residual control.
Wherever possible, areas of application should have some type of cover, i.e., weed biomass or
residual organic matter (trash), and be mounded along the contour.
For further information refer to the General Instructions sections.

-12- -13-

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

#### RESTRAINTS

**DO NOT** apply Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide to drainage ditches and channels.

**DO NOT** apply Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide during periods of intense rainfall, or to soils saturated with water, as off-target movement may occur.

**DO NOT** store tank mixes of Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide with other materials for more than

24 hours as product breakdown may occur.

**DO NOT** store a suspension of Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide for more than 2 days as it may degrade, particularly in acid solutions.

#### FOR ALL STATES

SITUATION	WEEDS	RATE GROUND BASE ONLY
		Boom g/ha
Commercial & Industrial Areas, around Agricultural buildings, Rights-of-Way including road sides, around guide-posts, rail-ways, power lines and telephone lines.	Easy-to-kill Annual Weeds  Grasses - Annual Ryegrass, Barnyard grass, Summer grass/Crab grass, Wild Oats, and Winter grass. Broadleafs - Blue Billygoat Weed, Capeweed, Conscrew/Frodium, Paterson's Curse/Salvation Jane, Subterranean Clover and Turnip Weed  Easy-to-Kill Perennial Weeds  Grasses - Prairie grass Broadleafs - Dandelion, Dock, White Clover	200 or 400

RATE GROUND BASED ONLY		CRITICAL COMMENTS
Handgun g/100 L	Knapsack g/15 L	
20 or 40	3 or 6	For roadside applications confine treatment to the area between the edge of the bitumen and the roadside shoulder. For weeds advanced beyond the 4-leaf stage or when more rapid knockdown is required, tank mix with Glyphosate Herbicide in accordance with its label recommendations. Always add a surfactant - except when tank mixing with Glyphosate Herbicide.  Use the higher rate for longer term residual control.  Use the higher rate plus Glyphosate Herbicide (in accordance with its label recommendations), for dense weed infestations and where weeds are greater than 15 cm in height or diameter.  For handgun or knapsack application, apply the spray evenly to the required area. Spray to wet the foliage of the weeds present, but not excessively so as to cause run-off. Over application may reduce knockdown results and significantly increase period of residual control.

-2-

CROP AND SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	RATE/ha
FORESTRY	ANNUAL WEEDS	50 to 70 g
POST-PLANT  Pinus radiata plantations	Capeweed ( <i>Arctotheca calendula</i> ) Clover ( <i>Trifolium spp</i> ) Geranium Fleabane ( <i>Conyza canadensis</i> ) Rat's Tail Fescue ( <i>Vulpia myuros</i> )	
- including farm tree plantations of these species Apply via ground/aerial	PERENNIAL WEEDS (from seed) Dock (Rumex spp) Flatweed (Hypochoeri radicata) Fog Grass	
equipment	Pale Rush (Juncus pallidus) Sorrel (Acetosella vulgaris)	
	SUPPRESSION ONLY Spear Thistle (Cirsium vulgare)	

CRITICAL COMMENTS
For trees in the establishment phase only (2 months to 15 months post-transplant).
ONLY APPLY this product between the months of May through to the end of September.
Apply when trees are dormant only.
Applications may result in tip damage. The tip damage seen is transitory and will not have any long-term impact on tree form or growth rate. Application in spring months when trees may be coming out of dormancy will increase the chance of tip damage occurring.
Best results are obtained when applied to bare ground or to weeds no larger than the 3 leaf stage.
Use the higher rate for longer term residual control.
Wherever possible, areas of application should have some type of cover, i.e.,
week biomass or residual organic matter (trash), and be mounded along the contour.
For further information, refer to the General Instructions sections.
For control of a broader spectrum of weeds add
Weed Force Longreach Herbicide as per label directions.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION. WITHHOLDING PERIOD NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

-14- -15-

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide is a soil residual herbicide with some knockdown action. It controls susceptible weeds through both post-emergence and pre emergence (residual) action. Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide may be applied pre-emergence or post-emergence to the weeds; best results are obtained if application is made before or during the early stages of weed growth. Adequate soil moisture is required for Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide to be activated so it can provide optimum weed control. Under limited rainfall conditions. Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide may not provide satisfactory control of hard-to-kill annuals and perennial weeds.

The higher use rates give longer term residual control. The degree of control and duration of effect will vary with the rate of application, soil texture, organic matter content, soil pH, rainfall and other environmental conditions. As soil pH increases the rate of Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide breakdown decreases so that longest term residual control is obtained on alkaline soils. As soil moisture increases the rate of Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide breakdown increases. so that longest term residual control is obtained when rainfall is low.

As soil organic matter content increases the rate of Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide breakdown increases, so that longest term residual control is obtained in low organic matter soils. Use lower rates in soils with low organic matter. Band spray or strip spray in soils low in organic matter. Avoid use on soils with a low pH as tree stunting or death may occur. Review use on soils previously treated with lime fertiliser as this can increase the surface pH and tree stunting or death may occur.

#### **FORESTRY**

- Do not apply to alkaline soils (soil pH > 7) or on leached, sandy soils, low in organic matter as unacceptable crop phytotoxicity may occur.
- Do not apply product to poorly drained soils, to gravel or rocky soils and exposed subsoils.
- This product is not suitable for use where seed is to be sown directly in to the treated areas.
- Do not broadcast apply to uncultivated or non-mounded or bare ground on slopes exceeding 30%.

#### TREE TOLERANCE

Field trials and use experience have indicated that Eucalyptus globulus, E. nitens and Pinus radiata are tolerant to Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide. In some instances tree stunting may occur. This is usually short lived and a full recovery is expected in the next growing season.

This stunting can be attributed to a prolonged dry period, pH, organic matter and rate selection. Therefore rate selection should suit soil and other conditions.

In the overspray Postplant treatment of *Pinus* species, growth tip dominance/damage may occur. Trees usually recover with no long term growth impacts.

#### TRANSPLANTING (PLANT BACK PERIOD)

- Transplant seedlings should be healthy and showing good vigour at time of transplanting and be a minimum of 20 cm in height. Do not transplant seedlings into areas treated with Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide if they are smaller than 20 cm in height or are showing poor levels of vigour due to disease or environmental factors such as drought, frost, moisture or water logging.
- Sufficient moisture is required after treatment to incorporate Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide into the soil and promote root absorption by the weed species. Results will be reduced unless follow-up rainfall is received.
- Best weed control is achieved when applied to bare, moist well-cultivated soils with warm temperatures.



Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide is a member of the sulfonylurea group of herbicides. Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide has the ALS inhibitor mode of action. For weed resistance management Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide is a Group 2 herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide and other ALS inhibitor herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide or other ALS inhibitor herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use. Weed Force Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide to control resistant weeds. Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available. Consult your farm chemical supplier, consultants, local Department of Agriculture or Primary Industries, or local Weed Force representative.

#### SPRAY PREPARATION

Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide is a dry flowable formulation to be mixed with water and applied as a spray. Partially fill the spray tank with water. Using the graduated measuring cylinder provided, measure the amount of flwed force Ground Keeper Herbicide required for the area to be sprayed. DO NOT shake the Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide down as the measuring cylinder is graduated for Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide in an uncompacted state. Add the correct amount of Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide to the spray tank with the agitation system engaged. Top up to the correct volume with water.

THE MATERIAL MUST BE KEPT IN SUSPENSION AT ALL TIMES BY CONTINUOUS AGITATION

In tank mixes, Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide must be in suspension before adding the companion herbicide or surfactant.

Where prepared spray solutions have been allowed to stand, thoroughly reagitate before using.

#### USE OF SURFACTANT

#### Commercial and Industrial Areas Surfactant Use

Always add a non-ionic surfactant at the rate of 0.25% v/v (eg Spreadwet 1000 at 250 mL/100 L or Pulse organosilicone penetrant) when Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide is used alone. When Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide is tank mixed with Glyphosate Herbicide, no surfactant addition is neversary.

#### **Forestry Plantations Surfactant Use**

Add a non-ionic surfactant or Pulse organosilicone penetrant as required in a Preplant situation. Do not use for Postplant applications. Refer to the Directions for Use or the Compatibility section.

#### **EQUIPMENT AND APPLICATION**

- COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS

#### Spraying Equipment (Commercial and Industrial Areas)

DO NOT apply by aerial application equipment or mist spray application equipment.

#### **Boom Spray (Commercial and Industrial Areas)**

Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide is recommended for application by ground spraying equipment only. Use a boom spray (or off-centre nozzle if necessary) properly calibrated to a constant speed and rate of delivery to ensure thorough coverage and a uniform spray pattern and rate of application over the area to be treated. Apply a minimum of 50 L prepared spray/ha.

#### Handgun/Knapsack (Commercial and Industrial Areas)

Wet the foliage of the weeds present but not excessively so as to cause run-off. Handgun – Use 1000-2000 L of spray mix per hectare. Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide residues in the spray tank can damage sensitive plants. Following a Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide application the spray tank should not be used for other than non-crop applications.

#### **EQUIPMENT AND APPLICATION**

#### - FORFSTRY

#### Ground Application Tractor, Ute or Skidder, Crawler D3 (Forestry)

Use a boom spray properly calibrated to a constant speed and rate of delivery to ensure thorough coverage and a uniform spray pattern and rate of application over the area to be treated. Adjust boom height to ensure correct spray overlap. Avoid spraying where drift can go onto neighbouring areas as injury may occur. Avoid overlapping and shut off spray booms while starting. Unring. Slowing or stopping as injury to the trees may result.

Apply in a minimum of 100 L water per hectare. Use spray nozzles producing coarse to very coarse droplet size and designed to reduce drift. (see ASAE SS72)

#### Aerial Application Helicopter (Forestry)

Avoid spraying in still conditions and in winds likely to cause drift onto adjacent sensitive crops or fallow areas likely to be planted to these crops. Turn off spray boom whilst passing over creeks and dams.

DO NOT apply when a temperature air inversion is likely to occur. Use of Micronair equipment is not recommended due to greater drift potential.

Apply in a minimum of 50 L/ha water.

#### COMPATIBILITY

Compatibility and spray tests have been conducted on the following products.

#### Companion Products

#### - Forestry Preplant and Postplant

- Glyphosate formulations. (Weed Force Evict 360°, Weed Force Evict 700°, Macspred Glymac™ 360, Generex 450 Glyphosate,
  - Macspred Glymac™ Dri 700, Macpherson's Bi Dri 700)
- Metsulfuron Methyl (Macspred Metmac™)
- Clopyralid (Macspred Clomac™)
- Hexazinone (Hexmac™ only)
- Other herbicides. Simazine, Atrazine, Amitrole T, Weed Force Longreach® Herbicide

#### **Companion Products**

#### - Forestry Preplant only as tree damage can occur

- Haloxyfop (Verdict® 520 and Macspred Halomac™ 520)
- Triclopyr (Garlon®)
- Other herbicides: Basta®, Goal® and Goal Tender®
- Surfactants and additives: SST Brushwet, DuPont Input®, Miller NuFilm P®, Miller Exit®, Miller Foam Fighter®,

Miller Mist Controller® and Uptake Oil®

For more information, contact your Weed Force representative for advice on Postplant Forestry companion products. Refer to Directions for Use on this product label for further information.

#### **Companion Products**

#### - Commercial and Industrial Situations

All above products are compatible in a Commercial and Industrial situation.

#### SPRAYER CLEANUP

Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide residues in the spray tank can damage sensitive plants. It is recommended that a sprayer be dedicated to the use of Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide. Where equipment is also used for crop spraying, it is particularly important that all traces of Weed Force Ground Keeper Herbicide be removed from mixing and spraying equipment immediately after soraving. The recommended sprayer cleanup is as follows:

 Drain tank, then flush tank, boom, filters and hoses with clean water for a minimum of 10 minutes.

- Fill the tank with clean water and add 300 mL chlorine bleach (containing 4% chlorine) per 100 L water. Flush through boom, filters and hoses, then allow to sit for 15 minutes with agitation engaged, then drain.
- 3. Repeat Step 2.
- Nozzles and screens should be removed and cleaned separately. To remove traces of chlorine bleach, rinse the tank thoroughly with clean water and flush through boom, filters and hoses.

#### CAUTION

DO NOT use chlorine bleach with ammonia.

If mixing with Glyphosate, DO NOT mix or store or apply this product in galvanised steel, unlined steel containers or spray tanks, since a highly flammable gas mixture may be formed. So use only spray tanks and equipment made of plastic or plastic lined fibreglass, rubber, aluminium, brass, copper or stainless steel.

#### PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

- DO NOT use in channels or in drains where the roots of desirable plants may extend.
- DO NOT apply to drainage ditches (including roadside ditches and table drains) and channels
  as some of the chemical may wash away in drainage water and be deposited in areas where it
  may cause damage to desirable trees and other plants.
- DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray
  to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands, pastures, or onto agricultural
  land scheduled to be planted to crops or pastures, as injury to the crop or pasture may occur.
- DO NOT apply via aerial application equipment post plant except in Pinus spp. Plantations only.
- DO NOT apply within 48 hours of or during periods of intense rainfall, or when wind speed exceeds 30 kph for ground application or 20 kph for aerial application.
- DO NOT apply on or near desirable non-target trees or other plants, or on areas where their roots may extend.
  - DO NOT apply to any drainage line.
- · DO NOT use on leached, sandy soils, low in organic matter or on alkaline soils.

#### PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

DO NOT graze treated areas or cut for stock food.

#### PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

- DO NOT apply or drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants, or on
  areas where their roots extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved
  into contact with their roots.
- DO NOT contaminate any body of water by spraying, cleaning of equipment, disposal of waste, including chemical or used containers, or run-off from treated areas. If accidental contamination does occur, the water must not be used for irrigation.
- DO NOT broadcast apply to uncultivated or non-mounded or on bare ground on slopes exceeding 30%, (15 degrees).
- DO NOT apply within 10 m of point sources susceptible to runoff, such as tracks, snig tracks and compacted log dumps.
- DO NOT apply sulfometuron-methyl within 60 m of a waterway or dam, or further if native riverbank vegetation may be damaged.
- DO NOT load or apply within 20 m of any well, sink hole, fire dam, intermittent or perennial stream.
- DO NOT handle, mix or test operations in areas (such as roads) where drainage facilitates
  rapid entry into waterways.
- DO NOT apply to water-logged or saturated soil.
- · DO NOT use in irrigation channels or drains.
- DO NOT empty equipment in situations reflected in the above dot points.
- DO NOT apply under meteorological conditions or from equipment, which could be expected
  to cause drift of this product onto adjacent areas, particularly wetlands, water bodies or
  watercourses. (See application equipment)
- DO NOT apply to waterlogged soils or soils at near saturation point. Dig a test hole if unsure
  and if the water is just below the soil level the next rain event may cause offsite movement.
- Dangerous to algae and aquatic plants. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with chemical or used containers.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed original container in a cool well ventilated area. Do not store for proplonged periods in direct sunlight. Measure packs: Shake and empty contents into spray tank. HDPE containers: Tiple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. All containers: Break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility in fan approved waste management facility in or available, bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compiliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government requilations. DO NOT burn empty containers or products.

#### SAFFTY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale dust. When preparing spray, wear face shield or googles. Wash hands after use.

#### FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia : 131126).

#### SAFFTY DATA SHFFT

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) which can be obtained from the supplier.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE

To the extent permitted by law, all conditions and warranties and statutory or other rights or action which buyer or any other user may have against Weed Force Pty Ltd ("Weed Force") or Seller are hereby excluded. Weed Force hereby gives Notice to Buyer and other users that it will not accept responsibility for any direct, indirect or consequential loss however arising (including negligence) from the sale, supply, use or application of this product or reliance on product information or advice provided by Weed Force or on its behalf. No warranty expressed or implied is given by Weed Force regarding its suitability or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not. Weed Force's liability shall, in all circumstances, be limited to replacement of the product or a refund of the purchase price paid therefor.

#### Remove to reveal full label instructions



#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed original container in a cool well ventilated area. Do not store for proplonged periods in direct sunlight. Measure packs: Shake and empty contents into spray tank. HDPÉ containers: Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. All containers: Break. crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways. desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

#### SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Do not inhale dust. When preparing spray, wear face shield or goggles. Wash hands after use.

#### FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia: 131126).

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET Additional information is listed

in the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) which can be obtained from the supplier.

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